Roll No. Total Pages : 06

OMBCE/M-20

12435

BUSINESS MATHEMATICS-II BC-202

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 80

Note Attempt questions in all. Q. Nos compulsory. Attemptany four questions remaining questions.

1. (a) A men deposited Rs. 5,000 in a bank for 3 years. If he got compound interest at 4% for first year, 3% for second yearnd 2% forthird year, find abount he got at the end of 3 years.

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(b) At what rate per cent will Rs. 1,000 amount to Rs. 1,500 in 12 years at compound interest ?

2.	(a)	The difference between the simple and compound
		interest on a certain sum of money for 2 years at
		4% p.a. is Re 1. Find the sum. 71/2

- (b) How long will it take for a principal to double if money is worth 9% p.a. compounded continuously?
- 3. (a) Find the amount of an ordinary annuity of Rs.1,000 payable at the end of each year for 3 years at 10% p.a. compounded annually.7½
 - (b) Find the present value of an ordinary annuity of Rs. 71/2
- 4. (a) A mandecidesto saveRs. 15,000by making payment at the end of each month for two years in a security, paying interest at the rate of 4% p.a. convertednonthlyWhatis the amount of each payment?

 7½

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(b) An overdraft of Rs. 30,000 is to be paid back in equal annual instalments over a period of 30 years. Find the value of each instalment reckoning compound interest at 4% p.a. 71/2

5. Maximize Z ≠ 4 9 graphically : 15

downloaded from Subject to the constraints :

$$x + y_5$$
 200
 $2x + y_3$ 134
 $x = 0, y \equiv 0$

$$Z = x4 + y8$$

$$x + y5 | 200$$

 $2x + y3 | 134$
 $x \equiv 0, y \equiv 0$

6. A producer has 30 and 17 units of labour and capital respectively which can use to produce two types of goods X and Y. To produce one unit of X, 2 units of labour and 3 units of capital are required. Similarly, 3 units of labour and 1 unit of capital are required to produce one unit of Y. If X and Y are priced at Rs. 100 and Rs. 120 per unit respectively, how should the producer use his resources to maximize to total revenue? Solve the problem graphically.

7. Solve the linear programming problems by using simplex method:

15

Maximize $Z \neq 4$

Subject to the constraints :

$$x +y +z \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2x + y^2 +z \end{vmatrix} = 4$$
$$x -y \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
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$$x +y +z \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2x + y^2 +z \end{vmatrix} = 4$$
$$x -y \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

8. Find the dual and solve the dual by simplex method :

Minimize $Z \approx 2 + 5 + z$, Subject to the constraints :

$$9x + 12 + 24 = 6$$

$$\equiv 0, y \equiv 0, z \equiv 0$$

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$$x \equiv 0, y \equiv 0, z \equiv 0$$

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Compulsory Question_O

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9.	(a)	Define Basic feasible solution to a L.P.P.
	(b)	Draw the graph of the inequation : 3
	(c)	What is Transportation Problem ?
	(d)	Find the compoundintereston Rs. 5,000for 4
	(e)	Which is better investment, 8% p.a. compounded
		half yearly or 7.5% p.a. compounded continuously? 5
	18 M	Define Annuity Immediate. 3
	_ x	f" ft
	3	
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